Law and migration: The legal implications of withdrawing from the EU?

Adrian Berry Barrister, Garden Court Chambers Chair, Immigration Law Practitioners' Association (ILPA) <u>adrianb@gclaw.co.uk</u>

Treaty on European Union

Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union

Article 9 Treaty on European Union

PROVISIONS ON DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES

Article 9

In all its activities, the Union shall observe the principle of the equality of its citizens, who shall receive equal attention from its institutions, bodies, offices and agencies. Every national of a Member State shall be a citizen of the Union. Citizenship of the Union shall be additional to and not replace national citizenship.

Article 20 Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union

1. Citizenship of the Union is hereby established. Every person holding the nationality of a Member State shall be a citizen of the Union. Citizenship of the Union shall be additional to and not replace national citizenship.

Article 20 Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union

2. Citizens of the Union shall enjoy the rights and be subject to the duties provided for in the Treaties. They shall have, inter alia:

(a) the right to move and reside freely within the territory of the Member States;

. . .

These rights shall be exercised in accordance with the conditions and limits defined by the Treaties and by the measures adopted thereunder.

Article 21 Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union

1. Every citizen of the Union shall have the right to move and reside freely within the territory of the Member States, subject to the limitations and conditions laid down in the Treaties and by the measures adopted to give them effect.

2. If action by the Union should prove necessary to attain this objective and the Treaties have not provided the necessary powers, the European Parliament and the Council, acting in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure, may adopt provisions with a view to facilitating the exercise of the rights referred to in paragraph 1.

3. For the same purposes as those referred to in paragraph 1 and if the Treaties have not provided the necessary powers, the Council, acting in accordance with a special legislative procedure, may adopt measures concerning social security or social protection. The Council shall act unanimously after consulting the European Parliament.

EU Law: Secondary rules

Directive 2004/38/EC

On the right of citizens of the Union and their family members to move and reside freely within the territory of the Member States

EU Law: Secondary rules

Regulation 883/2004

on the coordination of social security systems

EU law: Charter of Fundamental Rights

Article 45

Freedom of movement and of residence

1. Every citizen of the Union has the right to move and reside freely within the territory of the Member States.

2. Freedom of movement and residence may be granted, in accordance with the Treaties, to nationals of third countries legally resident in the territory of a Member State.

EU law in UK law

The Immigration (European Economic Area) Regulations 2006 provisions for social security and social assistance

Right of admission (and visa free) Initial right of residence (up to three months) Extended Right of Residence

Right of Permanent Residence (after 5 years, but quicker in certain cases)

Extended Right of Residence: Workers Self-employed Students Self-sufficient

Family members (any nationality): **Spouses** children Grandchildren unmarried partners dependent parents siblings, etc.

Procedural protection Protection against expulsion Residence documents

Immigration Act 1971 Immigration Act 1988 other Immigration Acts

British citizens - the right of abode, live and work in the UK without permission

Persons subject to immigration control, may live and work in the UK subject to permission and on such conditions as may be imposed (permission to work, access to social assistance, etc.)

Immigration Rules Leave outside the Rules Visas permission to enter and remain domestic regulation of access to the labour market and access to social assistance

Persons subject to immigration control require leave to enter or remain

Persons exercising enforceable EU rights *do not* require leave to enter or remain

No EU Treaty rights No privileged position for EU citizens All EU citizens and family members to be subject to immigration control

EU citizens already in the UK, Residence with documentation EU citizens already in the UK, Residence without documentation

EU citizens seeking admission to the UK

Access to the labour market Access to social assistance

After Brexit British citizens seeking to travel to and work in the EU:

Visas Permission to enter Permission to work **Residence** Permits Access to social assistance Settlement

Future arrangements

UK/EU Immigration control European Economic Area Switzerland Turkey (Ankara Agreement) Association Agreement

UK and Ireland

Common Travel Area Good Friday Agreement Irish citizens as EU citizens

The End